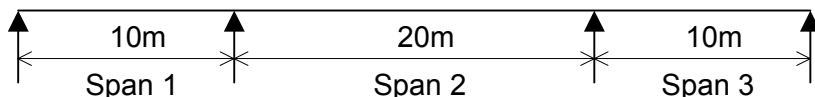
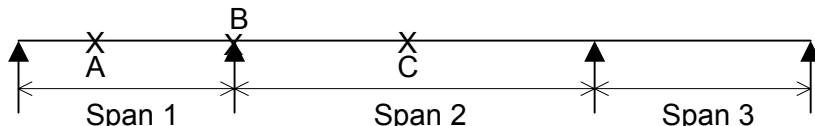


Influence Line Tutorial for HA UDL and HB Loading Bending Effects

Example: 3 Span deck with continuity over pier supports.

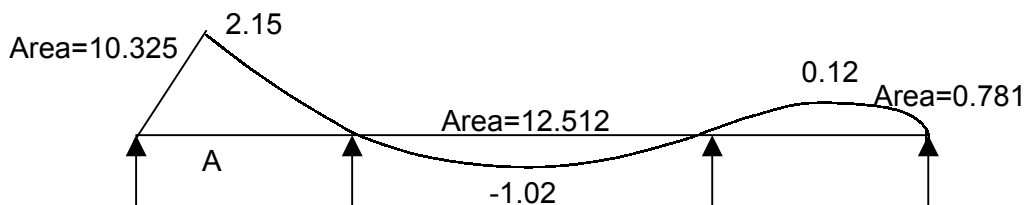


Step1 Determine the position of the point of maximum bending moment in each element for a single point load:

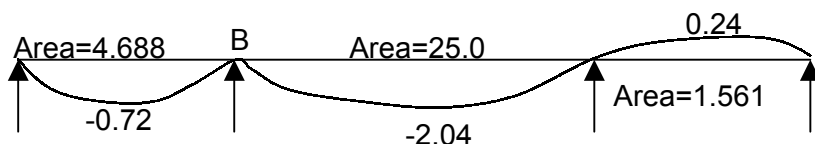


Point A – maximum sagging moment in span 1
 Point B – maximum hogging moment over pier 1
 Point C – maximum sagging moment in span 2
 Note: as end spans are equal then critical points over pier 2 and in span 3 can be obtained from point A and B by symmetry.

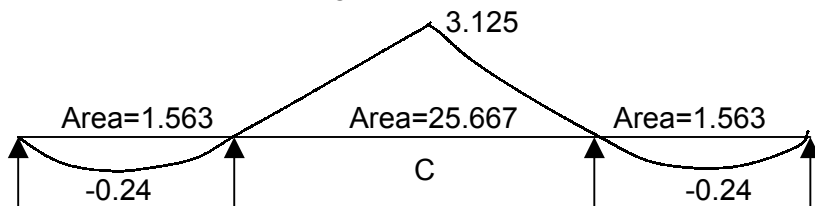
Step 2 Determine influence line diagram for point A:



Step 3 Determine influence line diagram for point B:



Step 4 Determine influence line diagram for point C:



Step 5: Determine loading for critical cases:

Point A

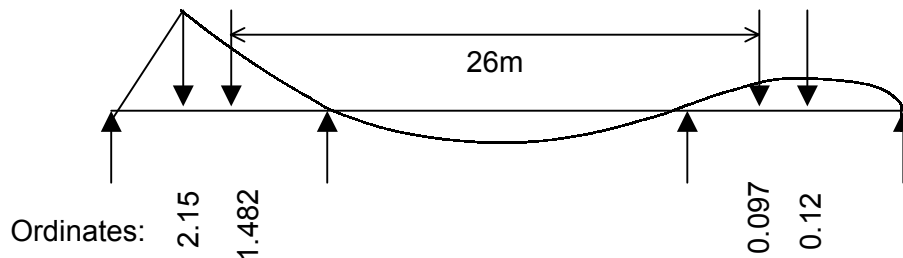
The maximum sagging moment is achieved by loading spans 1 and 3, however we need to check HA UDL for loading in span 1 only.

HA Span 1 only: loaded length = 10m hence udl = 71.8 kN/m (BD37-table 13)

HA Span 1 and 3: loaded length = 20m hence udl = 45.1 kN/m (BD37-table 13)

KEL: = 120 kN (BD37- Clause 6.2.2)

HB loading will produce worst sagging moment with an axle at the maximum ordinate (2.15). Any one of the 4 axles can be located at this position; the vehicle is however positioned with the other 3 axles to achieve the maximum total ordinates:



Note: The HB vehicle has a range of spacings between the centre axles, in this case the 26m spacing gives the worst effect.

Point B

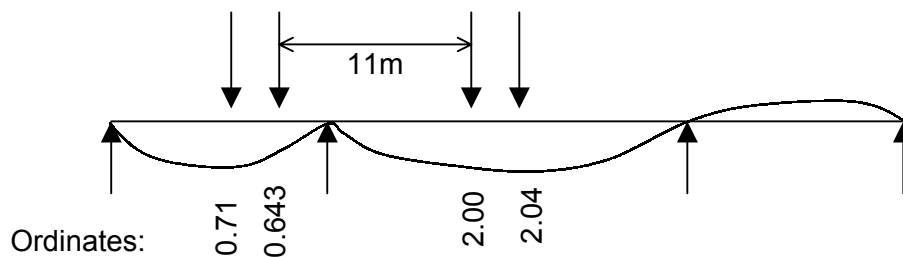
The maximum hogging moment is achieved by loading spans 1 and 2, however we need to check HA UDL for loading in span 2 only.

HA Span 2 only: loaded length = 20m hence udl = 45.1 kN/m (BD37-table 13)

HA Span 1 and 2: loaded length = 30m hence udl = 34.4 kN/m (BD37-table 13)

KEL: = 120 kN (BD37- Clause 6.2.2)

HB loading will produce worst hogging moment with an axle at the maximum ordinate (2.04). Any one of the 4 axles can be located at this position; the vehicle is however positioned with the other 3 axles to achieve the maximum total ordinates:



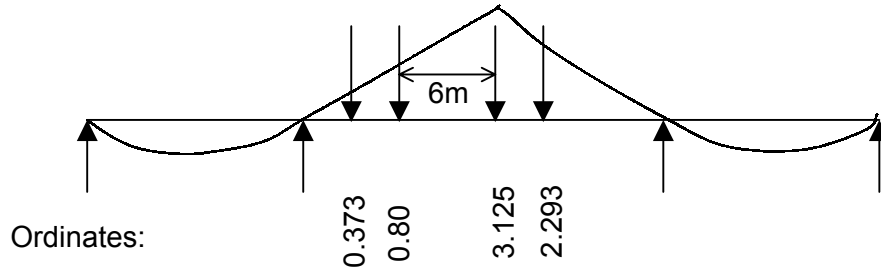
Note: The HB vehicle has a range of spacings between the centre axles, in this case the 11m spacing gives the worst effect.

Point C

The maximum sagging moment is achieved by loading span 2.

HA Span 2 only: loaded length = 20m hence udl = 45.1 kN/m (BD37-table 13)
KEL: = 120 kN (BD37- Clause 6.2.2)

HB loading will produce worst sagging moment with an axle at the maximum ordinate (3.125). Any one of the 4 axles can be located at this position; the vehicle is however positioned with the other 3 axles to achieve the maximum total ordinates:



Note: The HB vehicle has a range of spacings between the centre axles, in this case the 6m spacing gives the worst effect.

Step 6: Determine load effects on deck. Assumptions made to demonstrate principles of influence lines:

- Assume loads applied to 1 notional lane width of deck (3.65m wide).
- Assume ultimate limit state hence use load factor γ_{FL} of 1.5 for HA loading and 1.3 for HB loading.
- Assume 30 units of HB.

Span 1

Maximum sagging moment due to HA loading at point A:

Case 1 – Span1 loaded

$$M = 1.5 \times (71.8 \times 10.325 + 120 \times 2.15) = 1499 \text{ kNm (critical HA)}$$

Case 2 – Span1 and 3 loaded

$$M = 1.5 \times [45.1 \times (10.325 + 0.781) + 120 \times 2.15] = 1138 \text{ kNm}$$

Maximum sagging moment due to HB loading:

$$M = 1.3 \times 30 \times 10 \times (2.15 + 1.482 + 0.097 + 0.12) = \underline{1501 \text{ kNm}}$$

Pier 1

Maximum hogging moment due to HA loading at point B:

Case 1 – Span 2 loaded

$$M = 1.5 \times (45.1 \times 25.0 + 120 \times 2.04) = 2058 \text{ kNm (critical HA)}$$

Case 2 – Span1 and 2 loaded

$$M = 1.5 \times [34.4 \times (25.0 + 4.688) + 120 \times 2.04] = 1899 \text{ kNm}$$

Maximum hogging moment due to HB loading:

$$M = 1.3 \times 30 \times 10 \times (2.04 + 2.0 + 0.643 + 0.71) = \underline{2423 \text{ kNm}}$$

Span 2

Maximum sagging moment due to HA loading at point C:

Case 1 – Span 2 loaded

$$M = 1.5 \times (45.1 \times 25.667 + 120 \times 3.125) = 2299 \text{ kNm}$$

Maximum sagging moment due to HB loading:

$$M = 1.3 \times 30 \times 10 \times (3.125 + 2.293 + 0.8 + 0.373) = \underline{2570 \text{ kNm}}$$

Note: HB loading is shown to be critical for all cases, however if the loads are distributed using a computer analysis, such as a grillage analysis, then the HB moments will be reduced considerably.